Town of Chapel Hill Review of Time Warner Cable's 2009 FCC Forms 1240 and 1205

December 15, 2008

REPORT

TO:	Roger Stancil, Town Manager
FROM:	Robert Sepe, President
RE:	Review of Time Warner Cable's FCC1240 and 1205 rate filings

I have reviewed Time Warner Cable's FCC1240 and FCC1205 filings, documents gathered by the Town and consulted related FCC rules, regulations and publications. The values stated in the Company's FCC rate requests is the responsibility of the cable operator.

Supplied data were reviewed to determine whether the cable operator calculated "updated" rates consistent with the procedures prescribed by the FCC in accordance with the FCC's 13th Report and Order, and the FCC's Cable Rate Regulation rules §76.900 - §76.990 and the Telecommunications Act of 1996.

Original computations were performed and compared with data provided by Time Warner Cable. The accompanying report provides a reasonable basis for the opinions expressed herein.

Action Audits, LLC Cable Rate, Franchise Fee, Utility Tax Auditing & Telecommunication Administration 101 Pocono Lane, Cary, North Carolina 27513-5316 Voice # 919.467.5392 Fax # 919.460.6868

Time Warner Cable - R/D Division Cable Television Rate Report

A Review of Time Warner Cable's 2009 FCC Forms 1240 & 1205 Rate Filing Seeking Approval to Set New Rates for Regulated Cable Services in the Town of Chapel Hill

> Federal Community Unit Identification Number: NC0234

> > December 15, 2008

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FINDINGS

Time Warner Cable's FCC Cable Rate Filing: On October 13, 2008, Time Warner Cable (Time Warner) submitted a Form FCC1240-Basic Cable Service Tier to set a new regulated rate for basic cable service. Time Warner did submit a Form 1205-Equipment and Installation Charges to set new regulated rates for equipment rental and installation services. These documents were submitted to the Town for approval.

Time Warner's *proposed* Maximum Permitted Regulated¹ Rate for the Basic Service Tier (BST) in 2009 is \$9.64 for the Chapel Hill system and \$13.11 for the Durham system.

The proposed monthly **selected**² rate is \$9.50 for the Chapel Hill system and \$13.00 for the Durham system.

	The next table tracks changes	in the selected	Rate for the	Basic Service	Tier (BST).
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Table 1 Chapel Hill System									
Year	BST Rate	+/-	Delta						
2001	\$9.50								
2002	\$10.10	\$0.60	6.32%						
2003	\$11.00	\$0.90	8.91%						
2004	\$11.25	\$0.25	2.27%						
2005	\$10.60	(\$0.65)	-5.78%						
2006	\$10.60	\$0.00	0.00%						
2007	\$9.35	(\$1.25)	-11.79%						
2008	\$9.33	(\$0.02)	-0.21%						
2009	\$9.50	\$0.17	1.82%						

¹Unregulated cable services include: Standard or expanded basic, digital cable services, video on demand and premium movie networks, such as IIBO.

 $^{^{2}}$ Maximum Permitted Rate is the rate an operator could charge verses the **selected** rate which is the rate the operator has chosen to charge.

The next table tracks changes in the **selected** Maximum Permitted Rate for the Basic Service Tier (BST).

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Durham System								
Year	BST Rate	+/-	Delta						
2001	\$13.70								
2002	\$13.40	(\$0.30)	-2.19%						
2003	\$14.25	\$0.85	6.34%						
2004	\$14.30	\$0.05	0.35%						
2005	\$14.50	\$0.20	1.40%						
2006	\$14.50	\$0.00	0.00%						
2007	\$13.91	(\$0.59)	-4.07%						
2008	\$14.12	\$0.21	1.51%						
20098	\$13.00	(\$1.12)	-7.93%						

Within the Town limits, Time Warner reported 12,414 current customers and expects an increase in its customer base by year end to 13,074 households³.

Rationale: The guiding principle of the Cable Act of 1992,⁴ is to protect subscribers from unreasonable rates by ensuring that cable rate levels are equivalent to rates that would be charged in the presence of effective competition.⁵ Anecdotal evidence of rates examined in six matched pair markets by the GAO⁶ where Cable Operators face true effective wireline competition reveals

³Form 1240, Module B.

⁴Specifically, the 1992 Cable Act requires the Commission's regulations "shall be designed to achieve the goal of protecting subscribers of any cable system that is not subject to effective competition from rates for the basic service tier that exceed the rates that would be charged for the basic service tier if such cable system were subject to effective competition." Communications Act, § 623(b)(1), 47 U.S.C. § 543(b)(1)

⁵As the FCC stated in its first rate rulemaking order: "The priority established in the Act is clearly to protect the interests of subscribers. An important focus for both basic tier and cable programming service rates, consistent with providing system operators a fair return, is the establishment of rate levels equivalent to rates that would be charged in the presence of effective competition. The criteria to be applied in setting both basic tier and cable programming service rates include a comparison with 'the rates for cable systems, if any, that are subject to effective competition.'"*See* Implementation of Sections of the Cable Television Consumer Protection and Competition Act of 1992, 8 FCC Red 5631 at para 8and footnote 10 [April 1993 Report and Order].

⁶Wire-Based Competition Benefitted Consumers in Selected Markets, United States General Accounting Office, February 2004.

that rates in these communities are between 15% and 41% lower⁷ than in communities served by a single wireline cable provider. The GAO reported that cable operators tend to lower their rates when they face competition from another wireline provider.⁸

The FCC's rate-making process (forms1240 & 1205) is intended to adjust monopoly pricing to produce rates that would be found in competitive wireline markets.

As a local government authority certified to regulate rates, it is the Town's responsibility to enforce the fundamental guiding principles of the Cable Act of 1992 and the FCC's rate regulation rules "to protect the interests of subscribers from unreasonable rates by ensuring that cable rate is equivalent to rates that would be charged in the presence of effective competition." It is the responsibility of the Town to make certain that the rates are set by the cable operator in accordance with the FCC's rate rules.

Analysis of the Proposed Rate Adjustments

Time Warner's Form 1240 rate adjustments reflect changes in the following external cost elements: external costs for true-up and projected periods, inflation from true-up and projected periods; franchise related (PEG) expenses, and any program expense adjustments. Generally FCC regulatory fees, franchise fees and sales taxes are external to the calculation of the subscriber monthly bill.

External Cost: Time Warner's Form 1240 rate adjustments reflect multiple external cost elements. An external cost is an expense a cable operator incurs during the normal course of business and may be included in rate calculations. External cost categories are state and local taxes; franchise fees; costs of complying with franchise requirements, including costs of providing public, educational, and governmental access channels; retransmission consent fees and copyright fees incurred for the carriage of broadcast signals; other programming costs; Commission Regulatory Fees, and costs associated with channel additions.

The Form 1240 must be filed with the local franchise authority ninety (90) days before the new rates are scheduled to take effect and may be filed no more frequently than annually. The Form 1240 rate filing method allows cable operators to estimate their future costs for a 12 to 24-month period: this is referred to as the projected period. The form1240 allows operators to recover prior period expenses, referred to as the true-up period. If a cable operator incorrectly estimates its costs for a projected period, it must correct those estimates by using the true-up process in the next rate filing.

Inflation Adjustment: In its Form 1240 rate filing, Time Warner correctly applied the current FCC reported inflation factors in its calculations.

⁷GAO Report, Highlights, February 2004 at page 1.

⁸GAO Report, February 2004 at page30.

Franchise Related Expenses (Public Access or I-Net): Time Warner reported no franchise related expenses for 2008. Franchise related costs incurred by the operator may include such expenses as public, government and education access facilities and equipment, signal transportation, headend accommodations as well as Institutional Network related expenses.

Programming Cost Adjustment: Time Warner will collect for the projected period ~ \$1.20 (CHS) and ~\$1.24 (DS) monthly, per subscriber, during 2009 for anticipated BST external costs, most of which are attributable to programming costs. Various cable operators have advised that program service providers customarily increase service fees annually. Time Warner attributes its programming cost changes to what it must pay for each service offered. However, this amount is relatively low compared to upper cable tier service programming costs. Some of the BST program services included in the BST service group offered by Time Warner are obtained at little cost because they are either "must-carry" broadcast television stations, public, government or education access channels or "shop-at-home" services. The exceptions are WGN and News 14 Carolina.

FCC Regulatory Fees: The FCC requires cable operators to pay an annual 75 cent⁹ "Commission Regulatory Fee" to fund the Commission's regulatory oversight of cable television matters. The fee is calculated on the number of customers at the end of the previous calendar year.

The regulatory fee must be treated as an external expense and included in the 1240 BST MPR calculation as a pass through. The cable operator is **only** permitted to show the amount attributed to each customer as an informational item on the customer's monthly invoice; the FCC regulatory fee cannot be treated as a PEG fee or a separate tax.

Related Matters

The following expenses are associated with cable rates, hence, they merit discussion.

Franchise Fees: The new North Carolina Video Service Competition Act (S.L. 206-151) terminated franchise fee payments to Town beginning January 2007, except for a levy on equipment rental, installation and advertising revenues for those communities where cable operators remain subject to a local franchise Time Warner Cable is subject to a local franchise and so must continue to remit the Town remnant franchise fees on equipment rental, installation and advertising revenues is terminated in accordance with the NC Video Services Competition Act (VSCA) of 2007.

Termination of Local Franchise: AT&T filed a Notice of Franchise with the NC Secretary of State on November 13, 2008 and has 130 days in which to provide video service in the Chapel Hill. When AT&T files is Notice of Service with the NC Secretary of State's office, Time Warner Cable is permitted by the VSCA to terminate its Chapel Hill franchise and secure a State video service franchise from the Secretary of State's office. Such action by Time Warner Cable

⁹FCC Regulatory Fact Sheet, August 2007, page 2.

could be expected as early as the middle March 2009.

Sales Taxes and Remnant Franchise Fees: These charges are not embedded in the BST, but typically appear as a separate line item on each customer invoice as a single aggregated amount.

Upper Tier Regulation: A sunset provision within the Telecommunications Act of 1996 terminated upper cable service tier regulation on March 31, 1999. The cable operator is allowed to change upper service tier rates at will upon thirty (30) days notice to the franchise authority and subscribers. Residents can expect Time Warner to raise rates for the most viewed cable services, the unregulated analog and digital service plans, about 5% beginning January 1, 2009.

FCC1205 Equipment & Installation Rates

A Local Franchising Authority (LFA) is authorized to review the operator's rate forms to determine whether the operator's proposed rate increase for installation and lease of equipment comports with FCC rules. If the proposed rate is accurately calculated pursuant to the Commission's regulations, using accurate information, the rate is deemed reasonable and lawful under the 1992 Cable Act.¹⁰

Time Warner calculated the form1205 maximum permitted equipment¹¹ and installation¹² rates by aggregating its costs across all Time Warner systems in the USA; this type national filing is permitted by the FCC. Time Warner Cable has not aggregated on a regional basis since 2001.

	14010		
Year	HSC	+/-	%
2001	\$28.39		
2002	\$35.83 ¹³	\$7.44	26.21%
2003	\$37.62	\$1.79	5.00%
2004	\$37.50	\$-0.12	-0.32%
2005	\$37.81	\$0.31	0.83%

Table 3

¹⁰47 U.S.C. § 543(b).

¹¹ §76.923 (c)(1) Costs of customer equipment may be aggregated, on a franchise, system, regional, or company level. When submitting its equipment costs based on average charges, the cable operator must provide a general description of the averaging methodology employed and a justification that its averaging methodology produces reasonable equipment rates.

 12 §76.923 (c)(3) Installation costs may be aggregated, on a franchise, system, regional, or company level. When submitting its installation costs based on average charges, the cable operator must provide a general description of the averaging methodology employed and a justification that its averaging methodology produces reasonable equipment rates.

 13 Company-wide national USA aggregation ~ 3000 franchises

2006	\$36.55	\$-1.26	-3.33%
2007	\$42.96	\$6.41	17.54%
2008	\$48.56	\$5.60	13.04%
2009	\$50.94	\$2.38	4.90%

Time Warner proposes a 4.9% increase in the Hourly Service Charge; the rate increase is related to equipment, personnel and operating cost increases.

The following table discloses changes in Form1205 equipment and installation rates since 2001.

			-]	Table 4					
FCC1205	2001 NC	2002 USA	2003 USA	2004 USA	2005 USA	2006 USA	2007 USA	2008 USA	2009 USA	Delta
Remote Control	\$0.28	\$0.35	\$0.35	\$0.34	\$0.33	\$0.31	\$0.32	\$0.30	\$0.32	\$0.02
Addressable Converter	\$4.26	\$8.49	\$7.34	\$7.99	\$8.82	\$8.25	\$7.66	\$7.21	\$7.26	\$0.05

Time Warner aggregated its equipment and installation expenses on a national basis to establish a uniform rate structure in its ~3000 franchises. In addition to equipment rentals, a variety of installation services are tied to the HSC rate. The next table lists the differences in the amount of time required to install cable service since 2001. The 2001 installation average installation times represent North Carolina "regional" values where as the later years reflect consolidated balance sheets for all its USA cable properties.

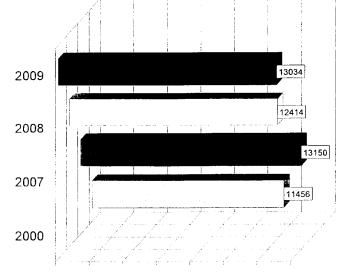
					l able 5						
Average Hours* per Installation	2001 NC	2002 USA	2003 USA	2004 USA	2005 USA	2006 USA	2007 USA	2008 USA	2009 USA	ſ	Delta
Un-wired Home Installation	0.96	1.20	1.22	1.26	1.16	1.23	1.18	1.19	1.19	0.00	0.00%
Pre-wired Home Installation	0.84	0.85	0.85	0.88	0.77	0.83	0.79	0.82	0.82	0.00	0.00%
Additional Connection at Time of Installation	0.55	0.54	0.53	0.50	0.50	0.55	0.51	0.55	0.54	-0.01	-2.00%

Table 5

Additional Connection	0.73	0.85	0.84	0.88	0.80	0.87	0.79	0.85	0.85	0.00	0.00%
Requiring Separate Installation											

*time in hours is expressed as decimal equivalents

Time Warner aggregates the time its technicians in the entire company required during the previous year to perform these tasks to compute the average installation time for each category.



Subscriber History

Time Warner projects that its customer base will reach 13,074 homes by the end of 2009. The likelihood is that Time Warner Cable will end the year with fewer customers than it now has. The following chart tracks the erosion of Time Warner's customer base since 2007.

Recommendation

The Consultant recommends the Town:

- 1. Find that Time Warner's proposed Form 1240 maximum permitted Basic Service Tier rate compliant because it was calculated in accordance with the FCC's Form 1240 instructions.
- 2. Find that Time Warner's proposed Form1205 maximum permitted Equipment and Installation charges compliant because they were calculated in accordance with the FCC's rules.

Proceeding

The franchise authority must either approve or deny the operator's FCC Forms1240 and 1205 on the basis of whether the requested rates are reasonable. This determination must be based upon a finding of fact.

The franchise authority should adopt the Consultant's report as its own, and the public must be granted an opportunity to offer comment on the matter. It is suggested that a public comment period on the matter coincide with a regular public meeting.

To be valid, the Rate Order must be:

- 1. Executed following the conclusion of a public meeting where the Town Council grants interested parties an opportunity to comment;
- 2. Adopt the Consultant's Report as its own required by FCC rules (this requires a motion to adopt, a second, and a vote);
- 3. Approve and execute the Rate Order;
- 4. Serve the Rate Order and a copy of the Report upon Time Warner Cable via certified mail.

It is appropriate for public comment to be heard, as related to the various rate issues, when this matter is scheduled before the Town Council for consideration. Although a statutory public hearing is not required, it is customary and good public policy to call for public comment in these matters. The comment period may be publicized by issuing a press release to the print and electronic media or announced in other appropriate ways. A courtesy notice should be provided to Time Warner Cable about the public meeting with a request that the Company representative be present to respond to the findings contained in this Report and other questions elected and appointed Town officials and the public may ask.

-10-

December 16, 2008

To: Roger Stancil, Town Manager

From: Robert F. Sepe, President

RE: Cable Rate Comparison

The City of Wilson has deployed its own broadband system provides cable television, telephone and high-speed internet services to residents and businesses. Wilson's broadband utility is called Greenlight.

For the past 6 months, Time Warner Cable (TWC) has been competing Greenlight, for customers and has responded to competitive pressure by reducing its rates. Wilson is one of two communities in North Carolina where TWC has not increased its rates.

The following table compares TWC's rates for Chapel Hill residents to its rates in Wilson. TWC's published rates for Wilson are nine (9) to ten (10) percent lower than for Chapel Hill.

Service	City of	Town of Chapel	Dalla		Town of Chapel Hill		<u>0</u>
Basic Cable	Wilson	Hill	Delta	%	DS	Delta	%
Service Standard Cable	\$12.50	\$9.50	$\frac{\lambda_{i}}{2} = \frac{\lambda_{i}}{2} \frac{\lambda_{i}}{\lambda_{i}}$	-24.00%	\$13.00	\$0.50	4.00%
Service	\$37.35	\$44.14	\$6.79	18.18%	\$43.66	\$6.31	16.89%
DIGIPIC 1000	\$64.75	\$71.15	\$6.40	9.88%	\$71.95	\$7.20	11.12%
DIGIPIC 1500	\$75.75	\$82.65	\$6.90	9.11%	\$83,45	\$7.70	10.17%
DIGIPIC 2000	\$83.75	\$91.15	\$7.40	8,84%	\$91,95	\$8.20	9,79%
DIGIPIC 3000	\$91.75	\$99.65	\$7.90	8.61%	\$100.45	\$8.70	9.48%
DIGIPIC 4000	\$99.75	\$108.15	\$8.40	8.42%	\$108.95	\$9.20	9.22%
Digital Sports							
and Games Tier	\$3.50	\$4.95	\$1.45	41.43%	\$4.95	\$1.45	41.43%
DVR Service	\$7.95	\$10.95	\$3.00	37.74%	\$10.95	\$3.00	37.74%
Road Runner w/o Cable or							
Digital Phone) Road Runner with either Cable and/or Digital	\$46.95	\$49.95	\$3.00	6.39%	\$49.95	\$3.00	6.39%
Phone)	\$44.95	\$47.95	\$3.00	6.67%	\$47.95	\$3.00	6.67%
	========	======	======	=======	=======	=======	======
Total	\$568.95	\$620.19	\$51.24	9.01%	\$627.21	\$58.26	10.24%

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Greenlight's broadband distribution system is entirely fiber and features state of the art fiber-to-the home technology. It is newer, faster and better than traditional telephone, including U-verse, and traditional fiber-to-the-node cable distribution systems, such as Time Warner's. Greenlight provides local 24/7 customer support/service.

Cable TV Packages¹

Package	Monthly Price	Channels
Expanded Basic	\$46.95	Expanded Basic
Digital Lineup	\$58.95	All channels from Expanded Basic, plus: <u>Cigital Plus, Cigital Broadcast, Han Definition Basic</u>
Premium F	\$70.95	All channels from Digital Lineup, plus: 1 <u>Fremium</u> channel
Premium II ²	\$80.95	All channels from Digital, plus: 2 <u>Premeun</u> channels
Premium IV ⁴	\$96.95	All channels from Digital, plus: 4 Premium channels

Digital Services

Digital Tiers	Monthly Price
Agenta Ten	\$2.95
<u></u>	\$2.95
and Te	\$2.95
ligh Definition filer	\$6.95

Equipment

Equipment	Price
Standard Digital Box - Primary	Included
Standard Digital Box - Additional	\$7.95
Digital HD Box Upgrade - Primary	\$4.00
Digital HD Box - Additional	\$11,95
Digital HD/DVR Box Upgrade - Primary	\$7.00
Digital HD/DVR Box - Additional	\$14.95
Remote Control	Included

- ¹ Source: http://www.greenlightnc.com/
- Similar to TWC DIGIPIC 1000
- ³ Similar to TWC DIGIPIC 2000
- Similar to TWC DIGIPIC 4000

Action Audits. LLC: Franchise Fee U-Tax Auditing & Telecommunication Administration

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Internet Packages

Package	Downloads	Uploads	Monthly Price	
10Mbps Tier	10 Mbps	10 Mbps	\$34.95	
20Mbps Tier	20 Mbps	20 Mbps	\$54.95	
40Mbps Tier	40 Mbps	40 Mbps	\$99.95	
60Mbps Tier	60 Mbps	60 Mbps	\$199,95	
100Mbps Tier	100 Mbps	100 Mbps	\$299.95	

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