

Suggested Plantings

ATTACHMENT 2

The following lists include species of plants that are documented as having been planted in residential Landscapes in the nineteenth and early twentieth century and that are still available in the nursery trade. These plants are well suited to the Chapel Hill area when properly sited and are specifically recommended for use in the historic districts. When selecting plants, it is worth noting that some species include varieties, such as dwarf forms of Nandinas and Crape Myrtles, that differ significantly from the varieties that were historically planted. When different varieties are available, spending the time to track down older forms of the listed species is encouraged. Notably absent from the list are some old-fashioned species, including the Ligustrums, Japanese wisteria and English ivy, that are known to escape from cultivation and which can cause environmental degradation of natural areas.

Species of plants that are native to the southeast are designated with an asterisk (*). Use of these generally well adapted species is strongly encouraged.

Large Trees: species of trees which are typically shade-producing and grow to a mature height of greater than 40 feet.

*Acer rubrum	Red Maple
*Acer saccharum	Sugar Maple
Cedrus deodara	Deador Cedar
Cryptomeria japonica	Japanese Cedar
*Fagus grandifolia	American Beech
Ginkgo biloba	Maidenhair Tree
*Magnolia acuminata	Cucumbertree Magnolia
*Magnolia grandiflora	Southern Magnolia
*Nyssa sylvatica	Black Gum
Picea abies	Norway Spruce
*Pinus virginiana	Virginia Pine
*Quercus alba	White Oak
*Quercus laurifolia	Laurel Oak
*Quercus phellos	Willow Oak
*Quercus rubra	Red Oak
*Quercus virginiana	Live Oak
*Tsuga canadensis	Canadian Hemlock
Ulmus parvifolia	Chinese Elm

Understory Trees: species of trees which normally grow to a mature height of 20 to 40 feet and may grow beneath large trees.

Japanese Zelkova

Zelkova serrata

Acer japonica	Fullmoon Maple
Acer palmatum	Japanese Maple
*Aesculus parviflora	Bottlebrush Buckeye
*Aesculus pavia	Red Buckeye
*Amelanchier canadensis	Serviceberry

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*Carpinus caroliniana Cercidiphyllum japonicum

*Cercis canadensis
*Chionanthus virginicus

*Clasdrastis lutea *Cornus florida Cornus mas

*Cotinus obovatus

*Crataegus phaenopyrum *Halesia carolina *Ilex decidua *Ilex opaca *Ilex vomitoria

*Juniperus virginiana Koelreuteria paniculata Lagerstroemia indica Magnolia soulangiana Magnolia stellata *Magnolia virginiana

*Prunus caroliniana

Prunus sargentii Prunus subhirttella "pendula"

Stewartia pseudo-camellia

Styrax japonica *Thuja occidentalis

Ironwood Katsura Tree Redbud Fringe Tree

American Yellowood Flowering Dogwood

Cornelian Cherry Dogwood

Smoketree

Washington Hawthorn Carolina Silverbell

Possumhaw American Holly Yaupon Holly Red Cedar

Golden Rain Tree Crape Myrtle Saucer Magnolia Star Magnolia Sweet Bay

Carolina Cherry Laurel

Sargent Cherry
Weeping Cherry
Japanese Stewartia
Japanese Snowbell
American Arborvitae

Large Shrubs: species of shrubs which normally grow to a mature height of 8 feet or more and are often used as specimens or in groups for screening.

Aucuba japonica

Buxus sempervirens
*Calycanthus florida
Camellia japonica
Camellia sasanqua
Chamaecyparis obtusa
Chamaecyparis pisifera
Chimonanthus praecox

Cotinus coggygria
*Cyrilla racemosa
Exochorda racemosa

Forsythia suspensa

Hamamelis mollis
*Hamamelis virginiana
Hibiscus syriacus

Hydrangea paniculata Ilex cornuta "burfordii"

Ilex latifolia
*Ilex verticillata

*Ilex x attenuata "fosteri"

Aucuba

Common Boxwood
Carolina Allspice
Common Camellia
Sasanqua Camellia
Hinoki Cypress
Sawara Cypress
Fragrant Wintersweet

Smokebush Swamp Cyrilla Common Pearlbush

Forsythia

Chinese Witchhazel Common Witchhazel

Rose of Sharon Peegee Hydrangea Burford Holly Lusterleaf Holly Winterberry Foster Holly

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*Ilex x attenuata "savannah" *Illicium floridanum *Leucothoe populifolia Michelia figo *Myrica cerifera Osmanthus heterophyllus Prunus Laurocerasus Pyracantha coccinea Rhododendron indica Rhododendron kaempferi Spiraea x vanhouttei Thuja orientalis Viburnum macrocephalum Viburnum plicatum

Vitex agnus-castus

Savannah Holly Florida Anise Florida Leucothoe Banana Shrub Wax Myrtle Osmanthus **English Laurel** Firethorn Indica Azalea Torch Azalea Vanhoutte Spiraea Oriental Arborvitae Snowball Viburnum Doublefile Viburnum

Chastetree

Small Shrubs: species of shrubs that normally grow to a mature height of less than 8 feet. Many of these shrubs are grown for their ornamental flowers.

Buxus microphylla B. sempervirens "suffruticosa" *Callicarpa americana Callicarpa japonica Chaenomeles speciosa *Clethra alnifolia Danae racemosa Deutzia gracilis Forsythia viridissima *Fothergilla gardenii Gardenia jasminoides Hydrangea macrophylla *Hydrangea quercifolia Hypericum calycinium *Hypericum prolificum Iberis sempervirens Ilex crenata *Ilex glabra *Itea virginica Jasminum nudiflorum Juniperus chinensis

Littleleaf Boxwood **Dwarf Edging Boxwood** American Beautyberry Japanese Beautyberry Flowering Quince Summersweet Poets Laurel Slender Deutzia Greenstem Forsythia Dwarf Fothergilla Gardenia Bigleaf Hydrangea

Oakleaf Hydrangea Aaronsbeard St. Johnswort Candytuft

Japanese Holly (see note)

Inkberry

Virginia Sweetspire Winter Jasmine Sargents Juniper (see

note)

Creeping Juniper (see

note) Kerria

Coast Leucothoe Leatherleaf Mahonia

Nandina

Pinxterbloom Azalea

Kerria japonica *Leucothoe axillaris Mahonia bealei Nandina domestica

Juniperus horizontalis

"sargentii"

*Rhododendron nudiflorum

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Rhododendron obtusum Rhododendron viscosum

Rosa rugosa

Spiraea cantoniensis Spiraea thunbergii Spiraea x bumalda Viburnum carlesii Kurume Azalea (see note)

Swamp Azalea Rugosa Rose Reeves Spiraea Thunberg Spiraea Summer Spiraea

Koreanspice Viburnum

Note: Although Japanese Hollies and groundcover type junipers were planted as early as the nineteenth century, essentially all of the varieties currently available in the nursery trade are densely branched selections of much more recent origin. These durable varieties are often used in modern commercial landscapes and especially when planted in large groups tend to impart a utilitarian look. Similarly, most compact varieties of azaleas and other evergreen shrubs are relatively recent introductions that differ significantly in character from the forms traditionally found in older residential neighborhoods. Limiting the use of these newer, more compact plant varieties is encouraged.

Vines: species that have a spreading pattern of growth and can be used on the ground, walls, and trellises

*Bignonia capreolata

Campsis grandiflora *Campsis radicans

Clematis armandii Clematis montana

*Clematis virginiana

Clematis x jackmanii *Gelsemium sempervirens

Hydrangea petiolaris

*Lonicera sempervirens

*Parthenocissus quinquefolia

Parthenocissus tricuspidata Rosa banksiae

*Wisteria frutescens

Crossvine

Chinese Trumpetcreeper

Common Trumpetcreeper

Armand Clematis
Anemone Clemetis

Virginsbower

Jackman Clematis

Carolina Jessamine Climbing Hydrangea

Coral Honeysuckle

Virginia Creeper

Boston Ivy

Lady Banks Rose American Wisteria