Oct. 2, 1913

Board of Aldermen met in regular session at 8 P.M.
Mayor McKenzon presiding.
Aldermen present: Herndon Robinson, Pickford.
Bills of Strow & Tilly for $[illegible] were approved and ordered paid.
On Motion of Mr. Robinson it was ordered that the Clerk sign a contract for 150 feet of fire hose at 90¢ per foot, provided that it meets the approval of Mr. Chuke, fire Com-
On Motion of Mr Robinson, the Mayor Mr. Herndon & Dr. Roper were directed to take up the sewer question with Hall Williams.
On Motion of Mr. Robinson, the Mayor was directed to close contract with the U.N.C. for fire Hydrants, provided they agree to install, free of Cost to the town, additional Hydrants to make the total 14 and charge for only 12 at $1.50 per month.
On Motion of Mr. Robinson, Mr. Herndon and Mr. Pickford were instructed to trade the Crippled Mule for a better one and the Mayor and Treas. were authorized to ~~[illegible]~~ execute a Note for the most as $150.00 to pay difference, if necessary.
On Motion of Mr. Robinson, the resignation of Dr. Abernethy as Medical Health officer was accepted and Dr. Mangum was elected to succeed him.
The following Resolution offered by Mr. Pickford was adopted:

173

In order to secure for the inhabitants of the town of Chapel Hill a good, sanitary supply of milk, the board of Alderman, do enact:-

1. That on and after Oct - 15th-1913, all persons. firms or corporations selling milk to residents of the town of Chapel Hill shall be required to obtain a written permit from the town health officer. It shall be the duty of the health officer to inspect the premises of the applicant and satisfy himself that the milk sold by the applicant is produced and handled under sanitary conditions.

2. It shall be the duty of the town health officer to inspect the premises of all persons holding such permits at frequent intervals and to revoke the permit of any holder, when in his opinion the milk furnished is dangerous to the health of the consumer.

3. The following rules and regulations shall be complied with as far as practicable before a permit shall be granted as herein provided:-

The cows.

1. The cows must be keep clean;
2. The teats and udders must be washed and dried with a clean cloth before milking.
3. Manure, dirt or other filth must not be permitted to remain on the belly or flanks of the cows.

The Stables.

1. The stables must be keep clean, well lighted and in a sanitary condition.

Water Supply.

1. The water used in the barn and for washing milk utenils must be free from contamination.

The Milk House.

1. A milk house must be provided that is separated from the barn and the dwelling house.
2. It must be kept clean and not used for any purpose except for handling of milk.
3. The milk house must be kept screened and protected against the entry of flies or any other animals except human employees.

The milk wagon.

1. The inside of the milk wagon must be kept clean.
2. The milk wagon must be covered.
3. Milk bottles must not be filled in the wagons.

The milkers.

1. No person having a communicable disease, or one caring for persons having such disease, must be allowed to handle the milk or the milk utensils.
2. Any case of typhoid fever or slow fever or any other communicable disease must be reported to the health officer immediately by the owner of the dairy or the physician in charge.
3. The hands of the milkers must be washed and dried immediately before milking.
4. The hands and teats should be kept dry before milking.
5. Any person with sores on his hands or fingers must not be allowed to milk.

The Utensils.

1. All milk utensils, including pails, buckets, cans, strainers, dippers, and separators must be kept clean and must be scalded after each using.

The Milk.

1. Milk from a disease cow must not be sold.
2. All milk drawn from a cow fifteen days before or five days after calving shall not be sold.
3. If any part of the milk of a cow is bloody, stringy, or unnatural in appearance all of it must be rejected.
4. The milk must not be in any way adulterated.
5. The staining of the milk must be done in the milk house only.
6. All bottled milk must be bottled in the milk house or in a house used for that purpose exclusively and kept screened and protected from flies.

The Barn Yard.

1. The barnyard must be well drained.
2. Manure must not be allowed to collect in the barnyard and must not be stored within 100 feet of the stables, milk house or well from which water is used.

Penalty.

Penalty.

For each and every violation of above rules and regulations, the permit to sell milk in the town shall be withdrawn by the town health officer, and any person, firm, or corporation selling milk in the town of Chapel Hill without first obtaining a permit or after the same has been revoked by the health officer shall pay a fine of ten dollars for each offense.

The Board then adjourned

L. P. McLendon
Mayor

C. B. Griffin
Clerk

Chapel Hill, N.C.
Oct 28, 1913.

The Board of Aldermen met in called Session, at 4 P.M.
On Motion of Dr. Roper, the Geological Dept of U.N.C was granted permission to make certain improvements on Main St., free of cost to the Town, except the cost of Ground at the pit.
On Motion of Dr. Roper the Atty. Gen. was instructed to take up with the U.N.C the question of location of the ditch in front of the New dormatory.
On Motion of Mr. Lendon, Dr. Roper instructed to have a bed placed in the guardhouse and arrange for safe way of having fire in the building.
The Board then adjourned.

L. P. McLendon
Mayor

C. B. Griffin
Clerk